AERIAL BATTLE

Six German Clash at Chateau-Salins.

LOSE MACHINE ALLIES

fusilade of shots from the machine mounted on the aeroplanes continued two French machines were forced scend while the German craft re-

ken inside the German lines north of

A British attack against our newly equired positions near Hooge col-

lapsed completely. Night attacks by the French against our positions at hez also failed, In the Argonne a heavy artillery duel has been fought. Yesterday evening the French at-tacked our positions on Reichacker-kopf but were repuised.

In the fighting in the Argonne region between June 20 and July 20 we cap-tured 125 officers and 6.610 men, betured 125 officers and 6.610 men, besides 52 machine guns and a great quantity of war materials.

Great aerial activity continues.

The British flying ground at St. Pol, near Dunkirk, was attacked to-day.

Thirty bombs were dropped. The enemy unsuccessfully bombarded the German aerodrome at Douai, where one of our battle aeroplanes shot down

an enemy aeroplane. We dropped 103 bombs early this we dropped too bombs early this morning upon the French flying ground at Nancy. Eighteen hits upon the sheds were observed. The enemy's defence machines which ascended were mable to prevent our attack. Six German aeroplanes attacked fifteen French machines at Chateau-Salins. After forty-five minutes of fighting we

several hostile machines to When enemy reenforcements ved we retreated. There was no North of Saargemund a French aeroplane was forced to descend and the occupants were captured.

GERMAN ROUT IN ALSACE.

Lose Many Men in Attempt to Re-

moderate intensity in the Artois in the valley of the Aisne. They more violent northwest of s. in the region of the farm of abourg (between Cauroy-les-oville and Lolvre) and in the ern Argonne, in the region of aine aux Charmes and of Hill

tween the Meuse and the Moin the region of La Haye, a German battalion, surprised while engaged in formation in the village of Vilcey-sur-Trey, was subjected to a rapid and efficacious fire from several of our batteries.

ont-a-Mousson and the village of idleres were bombarded by the my. The damage was small. German aeroplanes threw twenty bombs upon the plateau of Malzeville, near Nancy. They caused neither loss of life nor damage.

The afternoon communique was as the region of Artols, around Souchez some German attempts to

with hand grenades were easily Alsace, in the middle of the right, the enemy attacked without ouccess our positions at Schratzman-Reichackerkopf, suffering heavy losses.

On the rest of the front there was on cident of importance to report.
On July 23 our aeroplanes threw thirty shells on the aviation camp at im and six shells on a military train near Chateau-Salins.

RETAKE TRENCHES.

British Report Successful Counter Attack Near Hooge.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 1.—The official press great to-day gave out the following emmunique from the British headquarters in France: Field Marshal commanding

ritish forces in France reports here was further fighting on at our trenches near Hooge. first German attack at that eported in the communique of date, we recaptured a portion trenches lost west of the village, terday (July 31) the action was confined to artillery, but last right we successfully repulsed two further infantry attacks. There has been no infantry action to-day.

BOURTZEFF TO LIVE IN RUSSIA. Car Allows Banished Nihilist

Leader to Return. Special Cable Despatch to THE SEN. Paris, Aug. 1.—The Temps corre-spondent at Petrograd in a despatch to his paper states that Vladimir Fourtzeff, one of the most unrelenting foes of the Czar prior to the war and Russia's leadng nihilist, has been authorized to re-urn to Russia, but that he has been orbidden to live either in Petrograd or

in Mocow and must not go abroad. Bourtzeff surprised all of his follow at the outbreak of the war by ad-ng Russian revolutionists to fight for Czar. Originally he was in the Russian Government's secret service. He was banished after exposing the Czar's underground system. He went to Paris

and started a paper there, but returned to Russia, where he was arrested, but later released.

GERMAN SUBMARINE LOST.

Reported Wrecked on Trial Trip From Kiel to Fehmarn.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. OPENHAGEN, Aug. 1 .- Sailors returnng a trial trip from Kiel to Fehmarn

FULL TEXT OF AUSTRIAN LASTS 45 MINUTES NOTE NOW MADE PUBLIC

Fifteen French Aeroplanes and Washington Receives Complete Copy of Protest Against Munitions Sales to Allies-United States May Make No Reply.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The corrected that is not possible, indeed adtext of the Austro-Hungarian note to the United States protesting against the continued trade in war materials. Berlin, via Amsterdam, Aug. 1.—The the Continued trade in war materials between the United States and the Allies was made public here to-night by the continued trade in war materials between the United States and the Allies was made public here to-night by the Austro-Hungarian Embassy.

ment of the United States toward both between the United States and the Allies was made public here to-night by the answer this question also in the affirmative, without qualification.

the most spectacular air United States Government the Austroof the present war. Six German anes attacked fifteen French malanes attacked over the German public in Vienna early in July, but only the present war. Six German attacked fifteen French mattacked fifteen F forced from the American Embassy in Vienna to Washington, so that the State De-French flying ground near Nancy partment will for the first time have thirteenth tered from the explosion of 103 bombs before it the complete official text when arise, the neutral Government is not per to-morrow's papers are published. The states apparently rests the present case, and the wording of which, as will not

than the press reports from Vienna the lengths to which the Government of the dual monarchy goes in objecting to the sale of war material to the Allies by persons in the United States. The note admits, that the trade is permitted by law, but declares the spirit of the law of the last named convention are limited is violated by the proportions which this by the requirements of neutrality in cortrade has assumed in the United States. is violated by the proportions trade has assumed in the United States. respondence with the of international law.

Asks Embargo on Arms.

It asks, therefore, that the United dealt States enact legislation imposing an embargo on the shipment of war materials to the Allies. If, as is the case, the to the Allies. If, as is the case, the United States should consider this an act of unneutral character toward the Allies, Austria-Hungary suggests that this objection may be overcome by a threat to Great Britain and her Allies that unless they permit Germany and Austria-Hungary to import "foodstuffs and raw materials" from the United States the United States will cut off their supply of such articles from this country.

Italiand of war if this trade assumes such proportions that the country's neutrality is thereby impaired.

"In judging the admissibility of the trade in contraband of war, one can use as \$\hat{a}\$ basis any one of the various criteria established by law, and arrive, according to each, at the conclusion that the export of war materials from the United States as it is carried on in the prosent war cannot be made to according to each, at the requirements of neutrality. It is accordance with the unanimous exists the empire, which loyally stood by her Austro-Hungarian ally in a just cause, or to crush it in an overwhelming circle. No lust for conquest, as I already announced a year ago, has driven us into the war.

"When in the days of August all able bodied men were rushed to the colors and troops were marched into a defensive war every German on earth felt, in accordance with the unanimous exists."

capture Positions.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sys.

Paris, Aug. 1.—Renewed efforts by a Germans to recapture the positions at Schratzmannele and Reichackerph, in Alsace, produced the only intry fighting recorded in the official ports issued to-day by the War Office, he Germans suffered heavy losses in is engagement and were forced to fire without having accomplished their ject.

t.

night communique was as follows:

ere were artillery engagements of arms, munitions of war called upon to prevent the export or transport on behalf of one of the other beligerents of arms, munitions of war called upon to prevent the export or transport on behalf of one of the other beligerents

A change in the attitude of the United States toward this trade is justified by the Hague conventions, it is said. The preamble of the convention of 1907 relating to the rights and duties of neutrals in naval warfare is cited by the Vienna note as proof of this assertion. The preamble is as follows:
"These rules should not, in principle, be altered in the course of the

war by a neutral Power except in a case where experience has shown the necessity for such change for the pro-tection of the rights of the Power."

It has not been decided whether a reply to the Austro-Hungarian note will be sent or not. The decision is waiting on the receipt of the missing page of the document. If a reply is made, however, it is certain that it will be along the lines already made familiar to all concerned in the Stone letter and the erned in the Stone letter and the President's note to the German Ambas-

Full Text of Note.

The full text of the Austro-Hungarian note to the United States is as follows:
"The far reaching effects resulting from the fact that a very extensive trade in war supplies has been going on for some time between the United States and Great Britain and her allies, while Austria, Hungaria and Germany have Austria-Hungaria and Germany have been entirely cut off from the American market, have from the first attracted market, have from the first attracted the most earnest attention of the Imperial and Royal Government. If the undersigned permits himself to take part in the discussion of a question which hitherto has been brought to the attention of the Washington Cabinet by the Imperial German Government asky he mercely follows the distance of he merely follows the dictates of only he merely follows the dictates of unavoidable duty in protecting the inter-ests entrusted to him from further grave injury growing out of the situation af-fecting Germany and Austria-Hungary equally

"The Imperial and Royal Government is convinced that the attitude of the United States Government in this matter originates from no other intention than originates from no other intention than the maintenance of the strictest neutrality and the observance of the letter of all the stipulations of international agreements involved, but the question arises as to whether the conditions that have developed in the course of the war, certainly quite independently of the will of the United States Government, are of the United States Government, are not such that the very intention of the Washington Cabinet is defeated; indeed

that the exactly opposite effect is pro-duced. ment it cannot be doubted—then another question automatically follows, namely, by the authorities.

Refers to Hague Treatles.

tion are not entirely coextensive.
"If one takes into consideration the genesis of Article VII. of the fifth and conventions respectively British and French raid the German aerodrome one French machine was he German lines north of The complete text reveals more clearly

The complete text reveals more clearly states, it is not necessary to point out

"According to all the authorities on international law who have especially dealt with the questions which here

muterials" from the United States the Enited States the Enited States will cut off their sail the export of war materials from the United States and the conclusion that the support of war materials from the United States as it is carried on in the production of the sense" and would preserve "the free war cannot be made to according to each, at the conclusion that the export of war materials from the Linited States as it is carried on in the production of the sense" and would preserve "the free war cannot be made to accordance with the unanimous example of the Reichstans, that it was ample of the Reichstans, that it was the production of war materials ample of the Reichstans, that it was the production of war materials ample of the Reichstans, that it was the production of war materials ample of the Reichstans, that it was apple of the materials ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war and would preserve "the free war ample of the sense" and would preserve "the free war and the production of war materials ample of the Reinstans, our new allies." A spirit for the latin and the production of war materials ample of the Reinstans, our new allies. The found the preserve "the free war ample of the materials in the export of the Russians present. The fervor of the Russians present. The fervor of the Russians present. The fervor of the Russians products and the colors and troops were marched into a de-tensive war every German on eartheful the unanimous example of the Reinstan, the first war and the production of war materials and the production of war materials. In the export of the Russians product. The Foundation in the transmit of the Emperor and the people and Government. The latter will have

mentions and other war material of its assumed here that this refers in the course of the last which Great Britain and delivered in April, to which Presided with a course of the last which Great Britain and every delivered in April, to which Presided with a course of the last which Great Britain and every delivered in April, to which Presided with a required not only the full utility answer, reputaling the Ambassador Benstorff's memorandum, delivered in April, to which Presided with a required not only the full utility answer, reputaling the Ambassador Benstorff's memorandum, delivered in April, to which Presided with a required not only the full utility asswers to a change of policy revolution for a change of policy revolution for a change of policy revolution for the president with a country. The sixty of the fifth Hasue convention, second conference, permits a neutral to self-arms to a heligerent Power. This arms to a heligerent Power. This arms to a heligerent parties of arms, munitions of war, or, in general, of anything which can be of use to be held of one of the other heligrency, even if it to communities of arms, munitions of war, or, in general, of anything which can be of use to the protect merely the normal industry of a neutral to self-arms, munitions of war, or, in general, of anything which can be of use to the passage of a law in occasion to the protect merely the normal industry of a neutral in such materials. Its spirit is violated, vienna asserts, by the expectance of the excessive of the received the excessive of the protection of the right of the protection of the protection of the right of the protection of the protection of the right of the protection of

Would Cut Off Food Supply.

To the possible objection that, all though American industry is perfectly willing to supply Austria-Hungary and Germany, as well as Great Britain and Bermany, as well as Great Britain and Germany, as well as Great Britain and Germany in trade in the consequence to carry on trade in the consequence to the consequence of the consequence to the mit to careful examination the point of view hereinbefore taken in this most imview hereinbefore taken in this most important question and consider the statements given herewith. The revision of
the present attitude of the Government
of the United States to agree with the
views proffered by the Imperial and
Royal Government would not only be
(according to the conviction of the Imperial and Royal Government) within
the scene of the lights and duties perial and Royal Government) within the scope of the rights and duties of a nautral Government, but also in the di-rection of those principles prompted by humanity and the love of peace which the United States has ever written upon

Canadian I. W. W. Bars Volunteers OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—A report on labor organizations in Canada just issued by the Federal Department of Labor dis-"If this question be answered in the affirmative—and according to the opinion of the Imperial and Royal Government it cannot be doubted—then another question automatically follows:

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KAISER DECLARES VICTORY IS CERTAIN

In Manifesto on Anniversary of War's Outbreak Asserts He Did Not Cause It.

"GOD WITH US," HE SAYS

The complete text of the manifesto o the Kaiser to his people on the first anniversary of the outbreak of the war came to The Sun too late to be printed in its earlier editions. It is here given in to the carrier editions.

"One year has elapsed since I was abliged to call to arms the German people. An unprecedented time of bloodshed has befallen Europe and the world. "Before God and history my conscience is clear. I did not will the war. "After preparations for a whole de-

cade the coalition Powers, to whom Ger-

DUMA IS ASSEMBLED TO INCREASE WAR SUPPLIES

People Called Upon to Aid-Autonomy Promised to Poles After War-Sazonoff Says Success Is Near in the Dardanelles Campaign.

Petrograd, Aug. 1.—Amid a striking assemblage of governmental officials and Foreign Ministers the Imperial Duma today at noon inaugurated a new session that has been looked forward to by the empire with the utmost anxiety. Every seat in the floor and galleries of the great white walled palace was filled.

the Triple Entente. Rumania is now resisting the blandishments of Austro-German agents and is reciprocating the friendship of Russia.

"The Anglo-Swedish negotiations which are proceeding at Stockholm, while they are confined to business matters, have given proof of the undoubted desire on both sides to find a basis for agreement, and we sincerely hope a successful conclusion will soon be reached." Referring to the German methods of great white walled palace was filled.

great white walled palace was filled.

The opening speech by President Rodziar ko made it at once apparent to all present that the whole legislative power of the newly convened legislative body would be directed to exploit the country's resources and encourage its people in the production of supplies for the armies in

"The more terrible the war becomes," declared President Rodzianko in his inlugural speech, "the more firmly and unshakably must Russia resolve to conduct it to a successful end. To achieve this purpose all classes must become completely unified, all the nation's productive resources must be industriously developed.

President Rodzianko appealed to the newly elected members of the Duma to make suggestions to the Government as American public opinion is disgusted

and the Russian people, hearty echoes

the necessity for such change for the protection of the rights of that Power."

"With mothers, widows and orphans I feel grief for the beloved who have down that a surfar-Hungary, as well as Germany, is cut off from any commercial intercourse industry is perfectly willing to supply Austria-Hungary and Germany, as well as Great Britain and Germany as well as Great Bri

CHOLM FALLS TO TEUTONS AS RUSSIANS FLEE

Continued from First Page.

to be progressing with deliberation be-hind the screens. There is fierce fight-ing northeastward and southwestward. The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Petrograd quotes a semi-official state-ment as saying that the strategic aspect of the situation is unchanged.

"The front nearest Warsaw," the statement says, "is unshaken. The enemy's attacks to the eastward of Rozan have not compelled the Russians to change front. Stubborn fighting continues to the southwest. There are important reasons, however, demanding the withdrawal from the advanced Polish theatre, but the abandonment will be temporary and judging from all data

available will not be prolonged.
"The fact that the enemy has not structed our withdrawal toward the Bug shows that his strength is reduced

RAILWAY ABANDONED.

not fall to arouse sentiments of just repugnance in neutral countries."

"These feefings," the Foreign Minister continued, "had spread beyond the ocean to the United States, where humanitarian feelings revolted against such horrible occurrences as the sinking of the Lusitania, which cost so many American lives. This attack, which has no parallel for cruelty or absurdity, is an ineffaceable blot on the name of Germany. Russians Forced to Give Up Line From Lublin to Cholm. Special Cable Despatch to Tur Sex.

LONDON, Aug. 1 .- The Petrograd cor-"It is difficult to say whether more energetic measures will follow Presi-dent Wilson's note to the German Govto-day as follows "Owing to the present situation being

made intentionally obscure, it is difficult to how this great purpose might best be accomplished.

at Germany's action, in spite of the forms which Germany is making to items of the news of the week end. "The Lublin-Cholm railway has been abandoned, the enemy having crossed

the Vistula and having reached positions on three sides of Ivangorod. The German forces are making vigorous efforts north of Ivangorod to force a passage of the Niemen between Koyno and Grodno.

proceeding undisturbed is due principally to the brilliant qualities of Gen. Yanuskevitch, Chief of the General Staff for this result no sacrifice can be too of Grand Duke Nicholas, in supreme charge of the Russian armies, and the Markevitants.

M. POLIVANOFF—"We shall consider the constraints of the december of the design of the derman of the december of the dece

manders now face is one of constant anxiety and extreme difficulty. Their confidence in ultimate victory and with plans, however skilfully laid, may at any time be disrupted by unforeseen concentrations.

EVENTS IN THE WAR ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY

AUGUST 2.

German troops pour over frontier into Duchy of Luxemburg, seizing the Government seat. German troops also reported to have invaded France near Nancy, where they were repulsed.

France repulsed.
France rushing troops to the front and declaration of war is awaited, England, however, still withholding her support of the Triple Entente.

Large crowds of American tourists, caught in the war zone, make frantic efforts to get away from European capitals.

European capitals. Clashes between Russian and German troops are reported from the East Prussian border. Secretary McAdoo announces that \$100,000,000 additional currency

will be issued at once.

ration movements or rapid marches of he enemy.

CZAR PRAISES FORCES.

Anniversary Message Bids Men Not Lose Heart.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 1 .- Upon the occaion of the anniversary of the declarato-day to the army and navy saying that in spite of the efforts of the Russian fighters, which had covered their flag with glory, the enemy had not yet been broken, but that they must not lose heart, but face the new sacrifices and trials necessary to restore Russia to the respondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs | trials necessary to restore Russia to the

blessing of peace.

The Czar in his message points out that painful trials often have been experienced by Russia, but that every time the country has emerged with new strength and power. His Majesty ex-presses firm belief in the successful termination of the war and asks the Almighty to bless the forces of Russia.

Russian Ministry Declares German Defeat Is a Certainty.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. "The Kovno-Grodno district is the most disquieted section of the huge battle line. Here we are encountering the most serious interference to our occupation of our new front reaching from Kovno to Brest-Litovsk.

London, Aug. 2.—The Daily Mail today prints messages to the British people from the Russian Prime Minister. M. Goremykine, Foreign Minister Sazonoff and Minister of War Polivanoff. The following are extracts from the messages:

"It is neither possible nor desirable to attempt to state in exact terms what is happening in this region of the new struggle. The retreat now being carried out by the Russians is technically known as regrouping and is quite different from the ordinary retreat.

"The fact that this rearrangement is "The fact that this rearrangement is proceeding undisturbed is due origin."

M. SAZONOFF—"The most valuable result of the breaking of the German threat against peace.

M. SAZONOFF—"The most valuable result of the breaking of the German threat against peace.

M. POLIVANOFF—"We shall con-tinue to fight with all the strength le assistants.

"The task which these military com- which lies in the inexhaustible resources of the Russian empire, with unshakable

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Small charge for alterations.

Today an Important Sale of Men's Fine Shirts at \$1.30

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Absolutely fast-color fabrics, including silk-and-cotton crepes, fine mercerized cloths, extra finely woven madras with satin or woven stripes.

Plain negligee or pleated, with soft or stiff cuffs. Some with collar attached, and a number of tennis and sport shirts. All sizes 14 to 18 and a few 131/2.

A fine color assortment including a range of solid colors in the new shades, with self satin stripe.

Finely tailored with beaded or shrunk neckbands, fine stitching and fine quality buttons. VERY REMARK-ABLE VALUES, INDEED.

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Men's \$6.50 and \$7.00 Silk and Silk-andworsted Bathing Suits have been reduced to

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accomplished. Allies Receive Thanks. When the President at a later moment in his address turned to the diplomats representing the allied nations and greeted them in the name of the Czar and the Russian people, hearty echoes it and the Russian people, hearty echoes.

"Americans Disgusted."

and the Russian people, hearty echoes in their power with exceptional cruelty.

of applause were wakened in the great chamber.

The ferror of the Russians present